



Regression Testing

Lecture Objectives:

- 1) Define regression testing ✓
- 2) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of automated testing.
- 3) Explain the concept of bug clustering.
- 4) Explain reasons why regression test suites tend to grow over time.

Introduction

- We've talked about testing all quarter, but what makes for good tests?

What are your thoughts on good tests?

- Catches every bug. (Thorough...)
- Checks all failure cases...
- Defines what system can / cannot be used for.
- Tedious... (Maybe)

White Box Versus Black Box

Which is better?

- **White box best for ensuring details are correct in implementation**
 - Tests are designed to ensure that code conforms to design
 - Exercises different nooks and crannies of code in a way black box usually can't
 - Best way to ensure good coverage metrics
- **Black box best for requirements-based testing**
 - Emphasis on meeting requirements and, in general, overall behavior
 - Tests are designed to ensure that the software actually works!

corner...
- execute everything

"High level" testing
Maybe items like missed



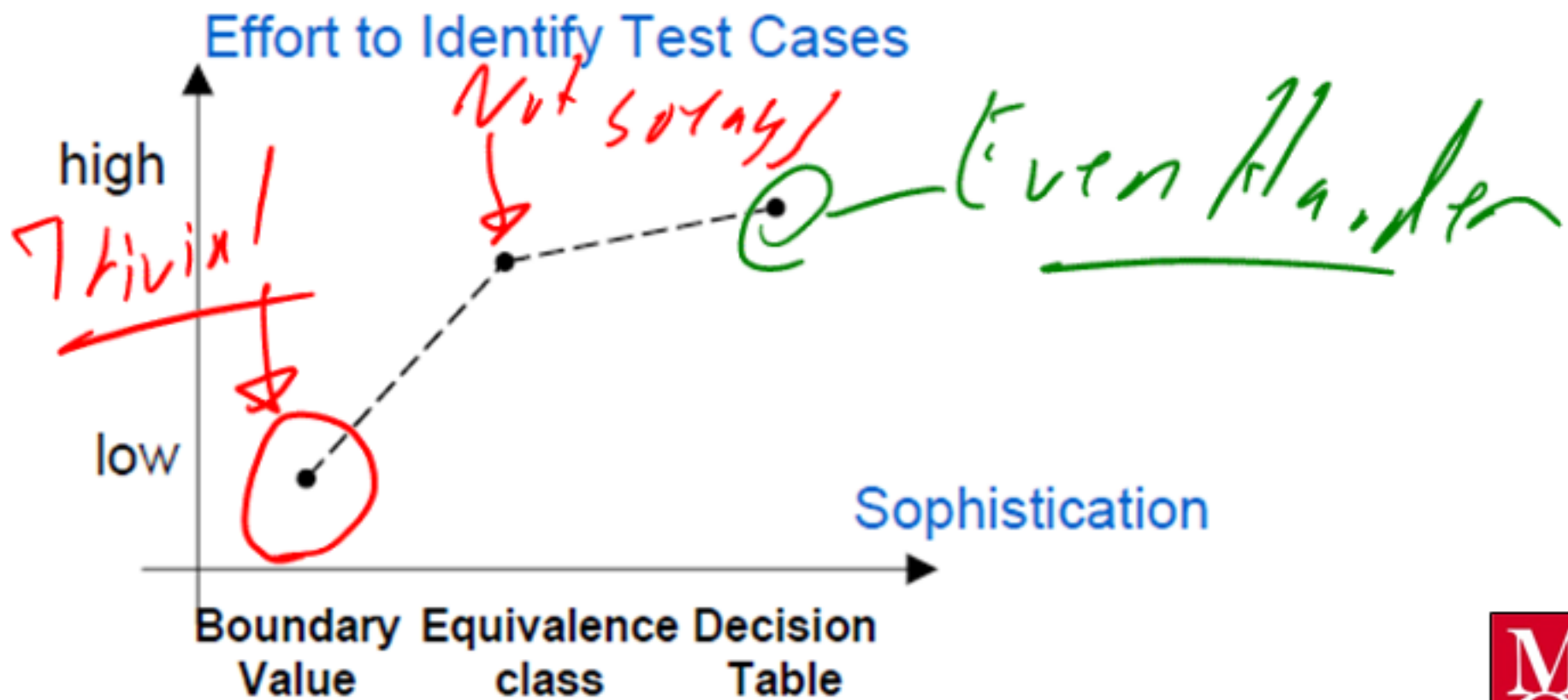
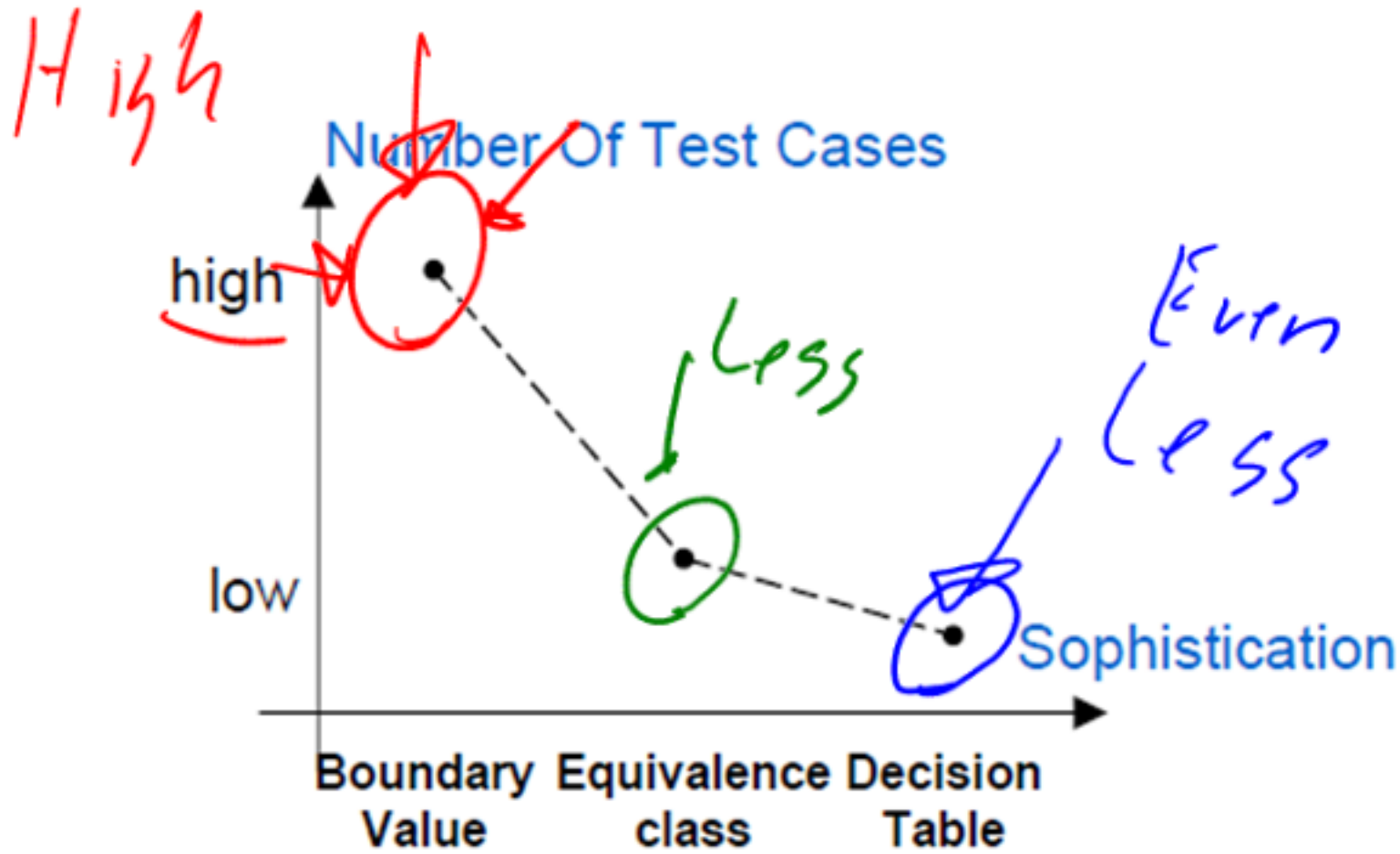
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Both types of test have their place (of course!)

Test Approaches and Effort



A-TRIP



- Automatic
- Thorough
- Repeatable
- Independent
- Professional

Automatic

- We want our tests to run automatically
 - From an execution standpoint
 - From a results comparison standpoint
- Manual execution is tedious!

Ant / Maven /
other tool
I use to automate them.

How do we automate?

- Junit is a good start! 
- Mock objects are a great aid! 
- But,
 - Automate DB connections (if you have them)
 - Automate network connections (if you have them)
- Automate Unit tests in your development process
 - JUnit can be run out of Ant!

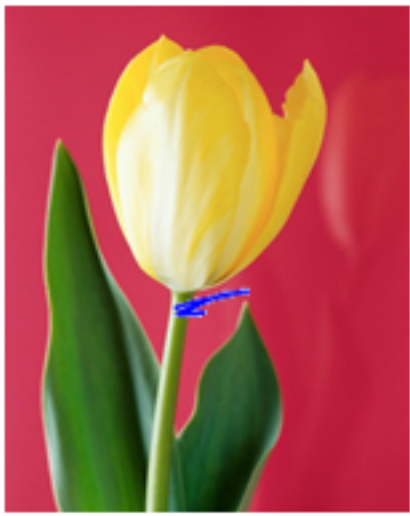
Thorough

- Test every thing that is likely to break!
 - Every line of coded, every branch, every exception?
 - Boundary conditions, invalid data inputs, etc.
 - The scope depends on the criticality of your software

Code Coverage

- Determining which code you are testing helps to assess the thoroughness of your tests
 - Can be measured with a code coverage tool (nunit, quilt, EMMA, etc.)

Measure it



- Bugs tend to cluster (∞)
 - In methods -
 - In classes -
 - In packages -



Bug clumping

Why do bugs cluster?

- You thoughts?

If you may a mistake, it's to be expected it will recover.

If a novice programmer, makes a mistake,

they probably will make another nearby of the same type.

Bug clumping

- Bugs tend to cluster ()
 - In methods
 - In classes
 - In packages
- If you have a buggy module, it may be worthwhile to replace it or re-write it.

Repeatable

- It must be possible to reproduce the same results exactly if a test is run again
 - Environment must be controlled
 - Development “sandbox” environment
- If a bug is random in its occurrence, it probably is a problem with your testing environment, NOT the code under test

Independent

- Only test one thing at a time
- Write tests so that they can execute in any sequence
 - Don't rely on other tests to set up pre-conditions or tear-down after a test

JUnit tests are not guaranteed to run in any specific order.

Professional

- Write your tests with the same quality as production code

Comments

- Review your tests in the same manner you would review source code

Peer review

- Your test code will be at least as long (if no longer) than the production code you are testing

- Create meaningful tests

Test what you need to test not necessarily everything...

Accessors: May not need testing.
⇒ unless there are multiple paths
Unless data is combined
Unless they are more complex.

- Create meaningful tests

Mutators may not need
to be explicitly tested.

⇒ unless they validate
data

Regression Testing

Making certain that new fixed bugs have been reintroduced into the system.

Run in the evening or @ some periodic interval.

Testing the tests

- Do we need to test the tests with more tests?

Testing the tests

- Bug fixes

- Identify the bug
- Write a unit test case that fails to prove the bugs existence
- Fix the code that is broke
- Verify that nothing else broke

Test becomes part
of our suite.

Testing the tests

- Fault injection
 - Occasionally force a bug into your code to make sure the tests catch it
 - Use a mutation tool
 - Jester
 - MuClipse
 - Others

• PIT

• Anyothers

Daily “smoke” tests

- Smoke test
 - Borrowed from hardware testing
 - A relatively simple check to see whether the product “smokes”
 - Check basic functionality of software
 - Not exhaustive
- Daily/nightly build
 - Software is compiled, linked and (re)tested on a daily basis
 - “Good” build if pass all smoke tests

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